MOTORVAC® CARBONCLEAN® SYSTEM

Fuel System Service & Diagnostic Equipment

OPERATOR'S MANUAL EEFS 100C

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Introduction

Congratulations on your selection of the MotorVac CarbonClean Fuel System Cleaner. By choosing this product, you are acquiring the most technologically advanced method available for cleaning harmful fuel system contaminants from gasoline engines.

The MotorVac CarbonClean System is a self-contained cleaning system, designed to connect to any gasoline engine. Once the unit is connected, it temporarily replaces the regular fuel supply with a mixture of gasoline and the specially formulated MotorVac CarbonClean Detergent and Top Engine Cleaner.

With the engine idling, the unit pumps the gasoline/detergent mixture through the engine's fuel system. As the mixture passes through the fuel loop, it loosens and dissolves accumulated deposits, which then pass harmlessly out through the exhaust system or are removed by the unit's fuel filter. Removing contaminants from the combustion chamber creates a more even burn of fuel, which improves horsepower, increases fuel economy, and reduces exhaust emissions.

It is recommended that you perform the fuel system cleaning procedure on a vehicle every 12,000 miles to obtain the highest fuel system efficiency.

Please study this Operators Manual to become thoroughly familiar with the MotorVac CarbonClean System before using it.

IMPORTANT

The MotorVac CarbonClean System is designed to work

EXCLUSIVELY

with the MotorVac CarbonClean Detergent and Top Engine Cleaner.

Use of any other chemical during this process may cause operational failure of the MotorVac CarbonClean System and voids the manufacturer's warranty.

See warranty card for details.

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Overview

This manual contains all the information you need to use the MotorVac CarbonClean System. Please make sure all technicians using the unit read this manual and have it within easy reach whenever the unit is being used.

The following is a quick reference to the information in this manual:

System Features and Functions

This chapter describes the MotorVac CarbonClean System gauges, control buttons, LEDs, and connections.

Safety Information

Adhere to the safety guidelines in this chapter at all times!

Before You Begin

Follow the instructions in this chapter before using the unit for the first time.

Fuel System Cleaning Procedures

This chapter contains step-by-step setup and cleaning procedures for using the unit with each of the four fuel system types: Carburetor, Throttle Body Injection (TBI), Port Fuel Injection (PFI), and Continuous Injection System (CIS).

Vehicle Diagnostics

This chapter describes how to use the unit to perform system tests on the vehicle in order to rule out other fuel system-related problems.

Troubleshooting and Additional Help

Turn to this chapter in the unlikely event you have problems with your MotorVac CarbonClean System or need additional help.

Appendices - Maintenance, Accessories, and Parts

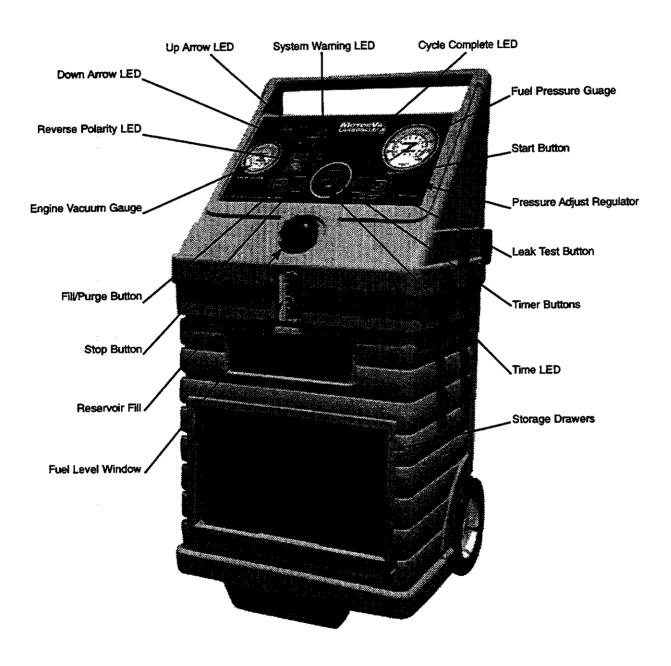
The appendices contain routine maintenance procedures for the MotorVac CarbonClean System, such as changing the fuel filter, lists of available accessories and replacement parts, and the Material Safety Data Sheets.

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System Features and Functions

The front of the MotorVac CarbonClean System cabinet contains a software-driven control panel, the opening for the fuel reservoir, and storage drawers for adaptors and other system accessories.



System Features and Functions

Descriptions of the gauges, control buttons, and LED indicators that make up the control panel are listed below. Please become familiar with these control panel features and functions before using the unit.

Stop Button

Stops all run conditions.

Fill/Purge Button

Fill: Transfers fuel from the fuel tank of the vehicle being serviced to the unit's reservoir. Purge: Relieves fuel lines of remaining pressure by transferring fuel back into the unit's reservoir.

Engine Vacuum Gauge

Displays vacuum pressure on the vehicle being serviced.

Reverse Polarity LED

Illuminates when:

 Polarity is reversed on the connection between the vehicle battery and the unit.

Down Arrow LED

Illuminates when the filling process is under way.

Up Arrow LED

Illuminates when the run cycle is under way.

System Warning LED

Illuminates when:

• The fuel/detergent mixture runs out before run time expires.

Vehicle or unit pressure loss is detected.

Warning Alarm

Beeps when the run cycle is complete, and when the vehicle or unit pressure loss is detected.

Fuel Level Window

A window to see the amount of fuel/detergent mixture remaining in the unit's reservoir.

Cycle Complete LED

Illuminates when the run cycle ends.

Fuel Pressure Gauge

Displays output pressure of the unit's output hose, or system pressure of the vehicle being serviced.

Start Button

Starts the run cycle.

Pressure Adjust Regulator

Used to adjust the system pressure during the cleaning process. Turn clockwise to close (increase the pressure); counterclockwise to open (decrease the pressure).

Leak Test Button

Starts the Leak Test.

Timer Buttons

Allows the increasing or decreasing of time set on the timer. The + button increases the time, and the - button decreases the time.

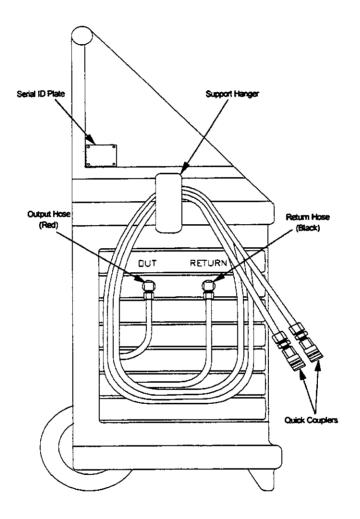
Time LED

A circle of LEDs displaying the remaining run cycle time in five-minute

increments.

Hose and Battery Connections

As you face the system, the left side of the unit's cabinet holds the fuel return and output hoses, while the right side of the unit's cabinet holds the battery cables and vacuum pressure hose.



Output Hose (red)

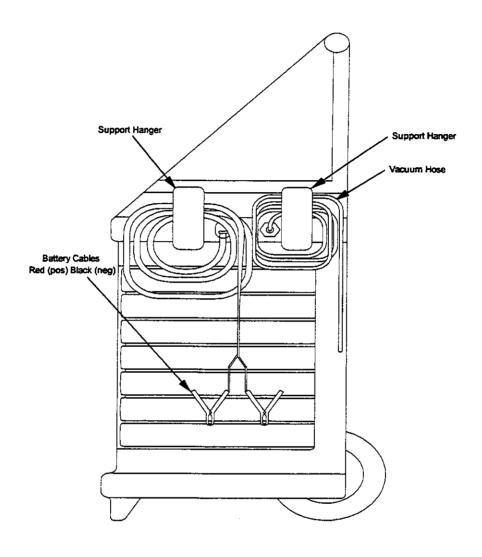
Connects to the input side of the vehicle's engine fuel system.

Return Hose (black)

Connects to the return side of the vehicle's engine fuel system.

Quick Couplers

Secures the unit's return/output hose connections to the vehicle's engine fuel system.



Vacuum Hose

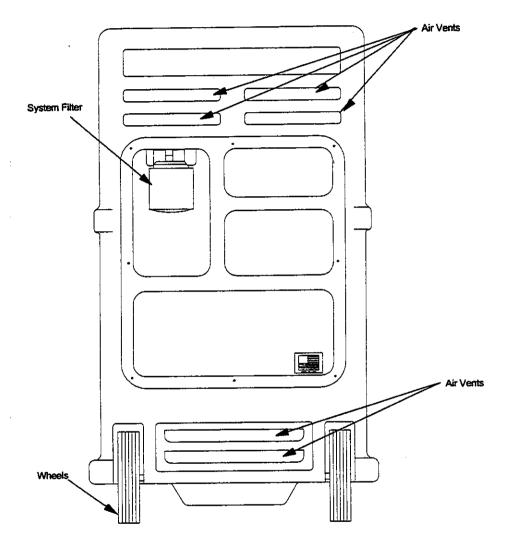
Forms a connection between the vacuum pressure from the vehicle engine and the vacuum pressure gauge on the unit.

Battery Cables

Positive (red) and negative (black) battery connections (8-16 VOLTS DC and 8 AMPERES)

Fuel Filter

The back of the unit's cabinet contains an easy access area for the fuel filter, along with storage slots for shop towels, detergent bottles, etc. Please see **Appendix A** for information on replacing the unit's fuel filter.



Theory of Operations

Detailed descriptions of the various operations, control buttons, and LED indicators are listed below.

Fill Operation:

- When the FILL/PURGE button is pressed and held the solenoid opens and the motor starts the pump in the Fill/Purge direction. Releasing the button stops the motor and closes the solenoid.
- Whenever the motor is pumping in the Fill/Purge direction, the DOWN ARROW LED (away from the car) is on.

Cleaning (Run) Operation:

- When the START button is pressed and held the motor will start the pump in the clean (run) direction and the solenoid opens.
- When the START button is released after the pressure gauge reads at least 4 PSI the pump will continue to run and TIME LED display will show the run time.
- When the run time is complete, the motor stops and an end of cycle beep will sound for 6 seconds. When the motor stops, the solenoid stays open and 1 second later the motor will run in the purge direction for 5 seconds. When the purge is complete, the motor stops and the solenoid closes.
- If the pressure drops below 4 PSI while the motor is running, or the START button is released before the pressure reaches at least 4 PSI, the motor will stop for 1 second, then run in the purge direction for 5 seconds with the solenoid open. When the purge is complete, the motor stops and the solenoid closes.
- Whenever the motor is pumping in the clean direction the UP ARROW LED (towards the car) is
 on. This LED will blink while the pressure switch is open (less than 4 PSI) and stays on solid
 when the pressure switch is closed (greater than 4 PSI).

Leak Test Operation:

- While in a run cycle, the LEAK TEST button is pressed and released, the solenoid will close and the timer will show the leak test time.
- If the STOP button is pressed, during a leak test, the unit will open the solenoid and perform a purge. Pressing and holding the START button will cause the motor to pump in the clean direction and the solenoid opens.
- During the leak test, only the TIME LED display will be on.

Pressure Switch Operation:

The pressure switch is opened when the pressure is less than 4 PSI and is closed when the
pressure is 4 PSI or greater.

Solenoid Operation:

The solenoid is only opened when the motor is running in either fill or cleaning (run) directions.

Stop Operation:

When ever the STOP button is pressed, the motor will stop and timer display is turned off.

Timer Operation:

- The highest time value LED will blink. For example, if 12 minutes are left in the run cycle, the
 15 minute LED will flash until the timer reaches 10 minutes.
- When the timer reaches 0 minutes left, the CYCLE COMPETE LED will go on and the end of cycle alarm will sound.

Cycle Time Operation:

- The TIME + and the buttons are used to adjust the cycle time, while the cleaning, or leak test is in progress.
- The maximum settable time is 60 minutes, the minimum settable time is 5 minutes. The time is adjusted in increments of 5 minutes. There is a 10 minute increment between 50 and 60 minutes, so a time of 55 minutes cannot be set.
- When the timer starts, the time can be adjusted. After the first minute from when the timer started the unit will check to see if the set time was changed. If it was, this new time will be stored as the cycle time for the next run. This applies to cleaning, and leak test set times.
- If the button is continuously pressed until the time reaches zero the end of cycle alarm will
 occur and the CYCLE COMPLETE LED will turn on.
- When the unit is powered on, the CYCLE COMPLETE LED is displayed.

Fuel Level Window Operation:

- The FUEL LEVEL WINDOW shows the amount of fuel in the tank.
- The FUEL LEVEL WINDOW indicates the fuel level in 1/8 tank increments.
- When the FUEL LEVEL WINDOW is at the empty ("E") level there is approximately one and a
 half quarts of fuel as a reserve below the empty level.

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Safety Information and Precautions

/!\ DANGER

Vehicle exhaust gases contain Carbon Monoxide, which is a colorless and odorless lethal gas.

Only run engines in well-ventilated areas and avoid breathing exhaust gases.

Extended breathing of exhaust gases will cause serious injury or death.

/!\ WARNING

Exhaust gases, moving parts, hot surfaces, and potent chemicals are present during the use of the fuel system cleaner.

Read and understand the operator's manual before using the fuel system cleaner.

When using chemicals always refer to the MSDS sheets and manufacturer's instructions for the proper procedure to handle emergency medical treatment, cleanup, handling, and storage requirements.

Improper use of the fuel system cleaner or exposure to exhaust gases or cleaning chemicals can cause injury.

Flammable fuel chemical and vapors can ignite.

Avoid exposure to flames, sparks, hot engine parts, and other ignition sources.

Always keep fully charge fire extinguisher nearby. The extinguisher should have a class B rating and be suitable for gasoline, chemical, and electrical fires.

Cleanup any fuel or chemical spills immediately.

Dispose of contaminated cleanup material according to governing environmental laws.

Never look directly into the air induction plenum or carburetor throat when the engine is operating.

Always plug or cap any open fuel lines during service.

Keep Cleaner and Detergent container closed except when filling reservoir.

Explosion or flame or exposure to flammable liquid and vapors can cause injury.

Flammable liquid can splash out of reservoir when pump is on and/or unit is being moved.

Always keep Reservoir Cap secure except when filling reservoir.

Explosion or flame can cause injury.

Many fuel systems maintain residual pressure in fuel lines even after the engine has been turned off. Wear safety goggles.

Wear chemical resistant gloves when connecting or disconnecting fitting and adaptors.

Obtain ZERO psi before connecting or disconnecting any fuel lines or adaptors.

Explosion or flame or exposure to flammable liquid and vapors can cause injury.

Chemicals can cause harmful byproducts.

Use only approved chemicals (refer to operator's manual).

Do not swallow or ingest any chemicals.

Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors.

Do not store chemicals on the machine.

Improper use of chemicals can cause injury.

Over exposure can have harmful effect on eyes, skin, respiratory system and possible unconsciousness and asphyxiation.

Improperly blocked vehicles can move.

Set the parking brake and chock the wheels.

Moving vehicles can cause injury.

Moving engine parts.

The engine cooling fan will cycle on and off depending on the coolant temperature and could operate without the engine running.

Wear safety goggles.

Always keep objects, clothing, and hands away from the cooling fans and engine parts.

Moving engine parts can cause injury.

Hot surfaces are present during and after running the engine.

Do not contact hot surfaces such as, manifolds, pipes, mufflers, catalytic converters, or radiators and hoses.

Hot surfaces can cause injury.

Catalytic converters become extremely hot.

Do not park a converter-equipped vehicle over dry grass, leaves, paper, or any other flammable material.

Do not touch a catalytic converter until the engine has been off for at least 45 minutes. For tests allowing unburned hydrocarbons or service involving operation of an overly rich condition, minimize the time of rich operation, monitor the catalytic converter temperature, and allow at least two minutes of operation at normal mixture subsequent to testing or service for converter cooling.

Catalytic converters can cause burns.

Cracked fan blade can become airborne.

Examine fan blades for cracks. If found, do not service the vehicle.

Flying objects can cause injury.

Batteries produce explosive gases and can explode.

Wear safety goggles when working on or near batteries.

Use in a well-ventilated area.

Keep sparks and flames away from the battery and never lay tools, equipment, or other conductive objects on the battery.

When tools or equipment is connected to the battery, make sure the equipment power switch is off. Connect the positive lead of the equipment to the positive lead battery first; connect the negative lead of the equipment to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible. Keep battery acid away from skin or eyes. In case of eye contact, flush with clean water for 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Battery explosion and ignited gases can cause injury.

Safety	Information
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Before You Begin

First Time Operation

NOTE

The following process is used to flush factory testing fluids out of your new machine, and is only necessary before the first time you use the unit.

Remember to send in your warranty card to properly register your machine.

- 1. Verify that the unit's fuel filter is connected and securely in place on the filter base assembly at the rear of the cabinet.
- 2. Check the output/return hoses, battery connections, and all external components for damage.
- 3. Turn the **Pressure Adjust** regulator on the unit control panel counterclockwise until it is completely open.
- Attach the unit to a motor vehicle battery by connecting the red battery clip to the positive
 (+) battery terminal and connect the black battery clip to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible.
- 5. Fill the unit's reservoir with <u>clean gasoline</u> until the Fuel Level Window indicates 1/4 tank.
- 6. Connect the unit's output (red) hose and return (black) hose together by using the #060-1100 and #060-1400 adaptors and securing them with a clamp. Follow the procedures below to flush fuel through the system:
 - Press and <u>hold</u> the **Start** button for five minutes. This will thoroughly flush the system with clean gasoline.
 - Release the Start button. .
- 7. Disconnect the output and return lines.

- 8. Connect the #060-1100 adaptor to the output hose, then drain the gasoline from the unit's reservoir using the following procedure:
 - Direct the adaptor and output (red) hose into an appropriate container.
 - Press and <u>hold</u> the Start button until the fuel from the unit has been emptied into the container.
 - Release the Start button.
 - Dispose of the fuel in an environmentally approved method.
- 9. The unit's reservoir is now completely drained of fuel. Follow the steps below before performing the first cleaning service:
 - Repeat Steps 3-4 from the previous page.
 - Add 20 oz. of detergent to the unit's reservoir.
 - Add clean gasoline to the unit's fuel reservoir until the mixture of fuel and detergent reaches 1/4 tank according to the Fuel Level Window.

The unit is now ready to perform a cleaning service.

NOTE

Repeat Step 9 any time the unit's reservoir is completely drained of fuel.

Fuel System Cleaning Procedures

Determining the Vehicle's Fuel System Type

It is very important to determine the fuel system type of the vehicle to be serviced before performing any setup or cleaning procedure on the vehicle. The unit can be used with any of the four different types of fuel systems listed below:

Carburetion

Carburetors come in a variety of sizes and shapes. These can be easily identified by locating the choke plate in the air horn.

Throttle Body Injection (TBI)

Throttle bodies are centrally mounted, as are carburetors, and use one or two electronic injectors.

Port Fuel Injection (PFI)

This system uses a single electronic injector per cylinder, mounted so that fuel spray is directed into the intake port.

Continuous Injection System (CIS)

A Continuous Injection System is easily identified by noting the fuel distributor and the solid steel or flex steel lines running from the fuel distributor to each individual injector. The fuel distributor controls the amount of fuel sprayed into the intake port while the injectors control the opening and closing pressure.

NOTE

Once you have determined the fuel system type, turn to the appropriate section in this chapter for instructions on how to perform the fuel line setup and cleaning procedure for that system.

Fuel System Cleaning Proce	edures
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Carburetor Setup Procedure

Follow the steps below to connect the unit to the vehicle's fuel system in order to obtain fuel from the vehicle for use during the cleaning procedure. Make sure the vehicle has at least 1/8 tank of fuel before beginning this process.

1. Start the vehicle and allow the engine to reach normal operating temperature.

IMPORTANT

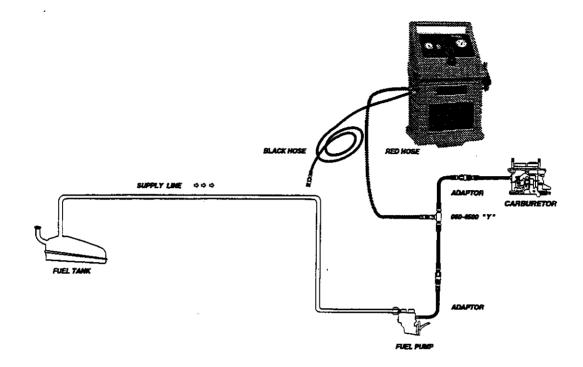
Do not perform the setup or cleaning process if the vehicle's engine oil or coolant level is low. If necessary, add oil and/or coolant to the vehicle.

- 2. Turn the vehicle OFF when normal operating temperature has been reached.
- 3. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise until the regulator is completely open.
- 4. Attach the unit to the vehicle's battery by connecting the **red** battery clip to the positive (+) battery terminal and the **black** battery clip to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible.

If the Reverse Polarity LED comes on, make sure the connections to the vehicle's battery are correct as described above.

- Remove the vehicle's gas cap to relieve fuel tank pressure.
- Verify that the engine is no longer running.
- 7. Disconnect the vehicle's fuel line at the carburetor inlet or at the fuel pump outlet. There should now be two open ends to work with:
 - One coming from the fuel pump.
 - One going into the carburetor.

8. As shown in the next figure, connect the appropriate adaptors at the two points listed in **Step**7.



- 9. As shown in the previous figure, attach the ends of the T-adaptor (#060-4500) to both adaptors, then attach the output (red) hose to the center connection on the T-adaptor. The return (black) hose on the unit is not used at this time.
- 10. Start the vehicle's engine and check all connections for leaks. Make a note of the Fuel

 Pressure gauge on the unit to test system pressure, since pressure loss can indicate a leak.

DIAGNOSTICS

The vehicle's fuel system is now prepared to perform diagnostic tests if desired. For instructions on how to perform these tests, go to the next chapter titled Vehicle Diagnostics.

If vehicle diagnostics are not desired, continue the cleaning procedure beginning with Step 11 below.

11. When filling the reservoir, add 8 oz. of detergent for every 1/4 tank of fuel.

12. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button on the control panel until the Fuel Level Window indicates a combined increase of 1/4 tank in the unit's fuel reservoir.

NOTE

If the vehicle's engine stalls, restrict pressure in the fuel line by turning the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) clockwise 1/4 turn. Restart the car and repeat Step 12. If the vehicle's engine stalls again, repeat this procedure until Step 12 is completed.

- 13. Turn off the vehicle's engine.
- 14. Verify the Pressure Adjust regulator on the unit is completely open.
- 15. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button for five seconds. This will relieve pressure in the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

/!\ WARNING









Flammable Liquid can squirt out of pressurized lines when connecting or disconnecting.

Wear Safety goggles.

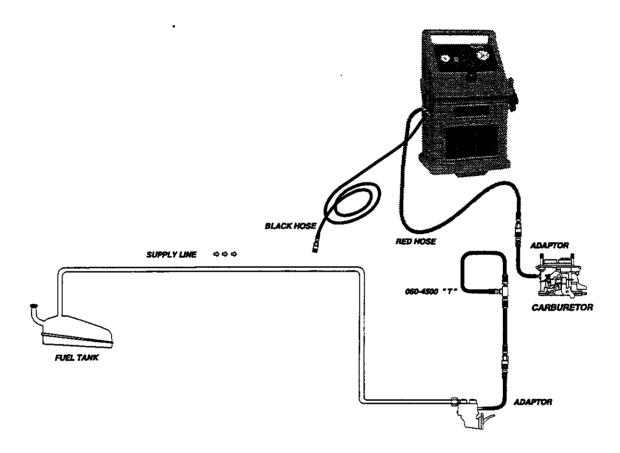
Obtain ZERO pressure before connecting or disconnecting any fuel lines or adaptors.

Wear chemical resistant gloves when connecting or disconnecting fittings and adaptors.

Wrap shop towel around pressure fittings and adaptors when disconnecting. Avoid exposure to flames, sparks, hot engine parts, and other ignition sources. Explosion or flame or exposure to flammable liquid and vapors can cause injury.

16. Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500), and then carefully remove the output (red) hose from the T-adaptor (#060-4500).

17. As shown in the next figure, disconnect the female end of the T-adaptor (#060-4500) from the carburetor and connect it to itself at the male fitting. This stops the flow of fuel from the vehicle to the carburetor during the cleaning process.



18. As shown in the previous figure, connect the output (red) hose from the unit to the adaptor going into the carburetor.

You are now ready to perform the carburetor cleaning procedure.

Carburetor Cleaning Procedure

Follow the steps below to circulate the fuel/detergent mixture through the vehicle's carburetor.

- Verify that Carburetor Setup Steps 1-18 above have been completed.
- 2. Refer to the vehicle's service manual for the manufacturer's recommended PSI.
 - Refer to appropriate Intake System Cleaning Procedure chapter for system cleaning at this point, and Vacuum gauge connections in the vehicle diagnostics chapter.
- 3. Press and hold the Start button.
- 4. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until the Fuel Pressure gauge reads 4 PSI, or the equivalent of the manufacturer's recommended specifications. It may be necessary to increase the pressure to the level previously noted in Step 10 of the Carburetor Setup Procedure.
- 5. Release the Start button.
- 6. Press the + button to increases the time, or the button to decreases the time until the Time LED displays 30 minutes. (Run time may be adjusted depending on the condition of the vehicle's fuel system.)
- Start the vehicle to begin the fuel system cleaning process.
 - When the cleaning process is halfway completed (check Time LED display), step on the
 vehicle's accelerator quickly three or four times. Then, maintain RPM at 1500 2000
 for 30 seconds.
- 8. When the run time expires, the cleaning is complete. The unit will automatically shut off and purge the pressure lines for five seconds. The Cycle Complete LED on the control panel will illuminate, and the unit's alarm will sound.
- 9. Turn OFF the vehicle's ignition.
- 10. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise on the unit to open it. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button for four seconds to relieve pressure from the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

- 11. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle's fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle's fuel lines.
- 12. Re-install the vehicle's gas cap.
- 13. Start the vehicle and verify that there are no leaks.
- 14. Test drive the vehicle for three miles immediately following the cleaning service to flush all detergent from the vehicle's fuel and exhaust systems.

Throttle Body Injection (TBI) Setup Procedure

Follow the steps below to connect the unit to the vehicle's fuel system in order to obtain fuel from the vehicle for use during the cleaning procedure. Make sure the vehicle has at least 1/8 tank of fuel before beginning this process.

1. Start the vehicle and allow the engine to reach normal operating temperature.

IMPORTANT

Do not perform the setup or cleaning process if the vehicle's engine oil or coolant level is low. If necessary, add oil and/or coolant to the vehicle.

- 2. Turn the vehicle OFF when normal operating temperature has been reached.
- 3. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise until the regulator is completely open.
- 4. Attach the unit to the vehicle's battery by connecting the **red** battery clip to the positive (+) battery terminal and the **black** battery clip to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible.

If the Reverse Polarity LED comes on, make sure the connections to the vehicle's battery are correct as described above.

- 5. Remove the vehicle's gas cap to relieve fuel tank pressure.
- 6. Verify that the engine is no longer running.
- 7. Disconnect the vehicle's fuel lines from the throttle body. There are now four open ends to work with:

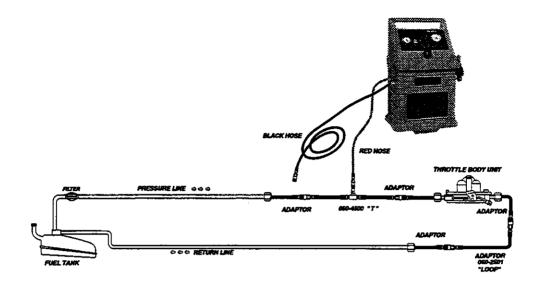
Pressure Line
From the tank
To the throttle body

Return Line

From the throttle body

To the tank.

8. As shown in the next figure, connect the appropriate adaptors at the points listed in Step 7.



- 9. As shown in the previous figure, attach the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and the loop adaptor (#060-2501) as follows:
 - Attach the ends of the T-adaptor (#060-4500) to both pressure line adaptors, then attach the output (red) hose to the center connection on the T-adaptor.
 - Attach the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to both return side adaptors. The return (black) hose on the unit is not used at this time.
- 10. Start the vehicle and check connections for leaks. Watch the Fuel Pressure gauge on the control panel to test system pressure, since pressure loss could indicate a leak.

DIAGNOSTICS

The vehicle's fuel system is now prepared to perform diagnostic tests if desired. For instructions on how to perform these tests, go to the next chapter titled Vehicle Diagnostics.

If vehicle diagnostics are not desired, continue the cleaning procedure beginning with Step 11 below.

- 11. When filling the reservoir, add 8 oz. of detergent for every 1/4 tank of fuel.
- 12. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button on the control panel until the Fuel Level Window indicates a combined increase of 1/4 tank in the unit's fuel reservoir.

NOTE

If the vehicle's engine stalls, restrict pressure in the fuel line by turning the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) clockwise 1/4 turn. Restart the car and repeat Step 12. If the vehicle's engine stalls again, repeat this procedure until Step 12 is completed.

- 13. Turn off the vehicle's engine.
- 14. Press the Fill/Purge button. Wait four to five seconds to relieve the pressure in the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

/!\ WARNING









Flammable Liquid can squirt out of pressurized lines when connecting or disconnecting.

Wear Safety goggles.

Obtain ZERO pressure before connecting or disconnecting any fuel lines or

Wear chemical resistant gloves when connecting or disconnecting fittings and adaptors.

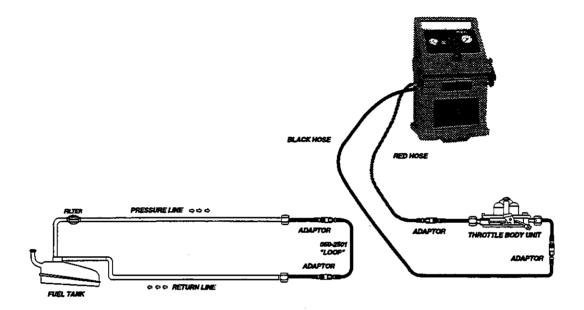
Wrap shop towel around pressure fittings and adaptors when disconnecting.

Avoid exposure to flames, sparks, hot engine parts, and other ignition sources.

Explosion or flame or exposure to flammable liquid and vapors can cause injury.

15. Carefully disconnect the loop adaptor (#060-2501) from the return lines. Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and then carefully disconnect the T-adaptor (#060-4500) from the output (red) hose and the pressure lines.

16. As shown in the next figure, connect one end of the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to the pressure line coming from the vehicle's fuel tank. Connect the other end of the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to the return line going back to the fuel tank. This forms a tank-to-tank loop, making it unnecessary to disconnect the fuel pump.



- 17. As shown in the previous figure, connect the output (red) hose from the unit to the adaptor on the pressure line going into the TBI unit.
- As shown in the previous figure, connect the return (black) hose from the unit to the adaptor on the return line coming from the TBI unit.

You are now ready to perform the TBI cleaning procedure.

Throttle Body Injection (TBI) Cleaning Procedure

Follow these steps to circulate the cleaning mixture through the TBI unit to clean the throttle body, injector screens, and pressure regulator.

- 1. Verify that TBI Setup Steps 1-18 above have been completed before continuing
- 2. Refer to the vehicle's service manual for the manufacturer's recommended PSI.
- 3. Press and hold the Start button.
- 4. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until the Fuel Pressure gauge on the unit displays 4 PSI or the Up Arrow LED stays illuminated without flashing. This will clean the TBI unit and filter the particles through the unit's filtering system.
- Release the Start button and continue to turn the Pressure Adjust regulator until it is completely closed.
 - Make a note of the fuel pressure reading; this is the true opening pressure of the vehicle's
 pressure regulator without vacuum assist when the engine is at normal operating
 temperature.
 - Refer to appropriate Intake System Cleaning Procedure section for proper intake tract cleaning at this point.
- 6. Press the + button to increases the time, or the button to decreases the time until the Time LED displays 10 minutes.
- 7. After the 10 minutes has expired on the **Time** LED display, press the **Start** button until the pressure rises to the previous system pressure, and release.
- 8. Press the + button to increases the time, or the button to decreases the time until the Time LED display indicates 30 minutes. (Run time may be adjusted depending on the condition of the vehicle's fuel system.)
 - 9. Start the vehicle to begin the fuel system cleaning process.

- 10. When the run time expires, the cleaning is complete. The unit will automatically shut off and purge the pressure lines for five seconds. The Cycle Complete LED on the control panel will illuminate, and the unit's alarm will sound.
- 11. Turn OFF the vehicle's ignition.
- 12. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise on the unit to open it. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button for four seconds to relieve pressure from the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

- 13. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle's fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle's fuel lines.
- 14. Re-install the vehicle's gas cap.
- 15. Start the vehicle and verify that there are no leaks.
- 16. Test drive the vehicle for three miles immediately following the cleaning service to flush all detergent from the vehicle's fuel and exhaust systems.

Port Fuel Injection (PFI) Setup Procedure

Follow the steps below to connect the unit to the vehicle's fuel system in order to obtain fuel from the vehicle for use during the cleaning procedure. Make sure the vehicle has at least 1/8 tank of fuel before beginning this process.

1. Start the vehicle and allow the engine to reach normal operating temperature.

IMPORTANT

Do not perform the setup or cleaning process if the vehicle's engine oil or coolant level is low. If necessary, add oil and/or coolant to the vehicle.

- 2. Turn the vehicle OFF when normal operating temperature has been reached.
- 3. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise until the regulator is completely open.
- 4. Attach the unit to the vehicle's battery by connecting the **red** battery clip to the positive (+) battery terminal and the **black** battery clip to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible.

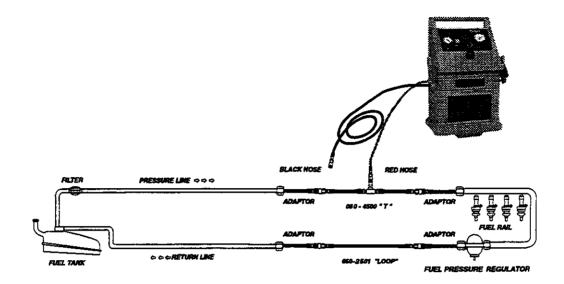
If the Reverse Polarity LED comes on, make sure the connections to the vehicle's battery are correct as described above.

- 5. Remove the vehicle's gas cap to relieve fuel tank pressure.
- 6. Verify that the engine is no longer running.
- 7. Disconnect the vehicle's fuel lines from the fuel rail. There are now four open ends to work with:

Pressure Line
From the fuel tank
To the fuel rail

Return Line
From the fuel rail
To the fuel tank

8. As shown in the next figure, connect the appropriate adaptors at the points listed in Step 7.



- 9. As shown in the previous figure, attach the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and the loop adaptor (#060-2501) as follows:
 - Attach the ends of the T-adaptor (#060-4500) to both pressure line adaptors, then attach the output (red) hose to the center connection on the T-adaptor.
 - Attach the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to both return side adaptors. The return (black) hose on the unit is not used at this time.
- 10. Start the vehicle and check connections for leaks. Watch the Fuel Pressure gauge on the control panel to test system pressure, since pressure loss can indicate a leak.

DIAGNOSTICS

The vehicle's fuel system is now prepared to perform diagnostic tests if desired. For instructions on how to perform these tests, go to the next chapter titled Vehicle Diagnostics.

If vehicle diagnostics are not desired, continue the cleaning procedure beginning with Step 11 below.

- 11. When filling the reservoir, add 8 oz. of detergent for every 1/4 tank of fuel.
- 12. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button on the control panel until the Fuel Level Window indicates a combined increase of 1/4 tank in the unit's fuel reservoir.

NOTE

If the vehicle's engine stalls, restrict pressure in the fuel line by turning the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) clockwise 1/4 turn. Restart the car and repeat Step 12. If the vehicle's engine stalls again, repeat this procedure until Step 12 is completed.

- 13. Turn off the vehicle's engine.
- 14. Press the Fill/Purge button. Wait four to five seconds to relieve the pressure in the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

/!\ WARNING









Flammable Liquid can squirt out of pressurized lines when connecting or disconnecting.

Wear Safety goggles.

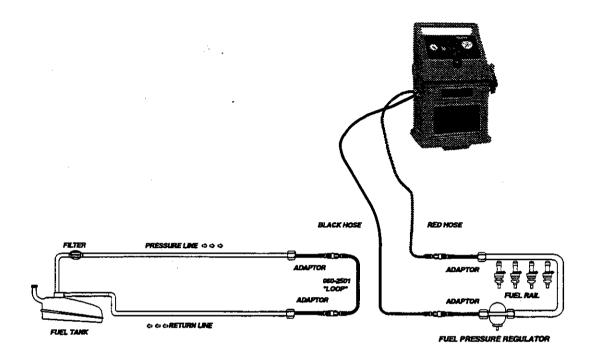
Obtain ZERO pressure before connecting or disconnecting any fuel lines or adaptors.

Wear chemical resistant gloves when connecting or disconnecting fittings and adaptors.

Wrap shop towel around pressure fittings and adaptors when disconnecting. Avoid exposure to flames, sparks, hot engine parts, and other ignition sources. Explosion or flame or exposure to flammable liquid and vapors can cause injury.

15. Carefully disconnect the loop adaptor (#060-2501) from the return lines. Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and then carefully disconnect the T-adaptor (#060-4500) from the output (red) hose and the pressure lines.

16. As shown in the next figure, connect one end of the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to the pressure line coming from the vehicle's fuel tank. Connect the other end of the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to the return line going back to the fuel tank. This forms a tank-to-tank loop, making it unnecessary to disconnect the fuel pump.



- 17. As shown in the previous figure, connect the output (red) hose from the unit to the adaptor on the pressure line going into the fuel rail.
- 18. As shown in the previous figure, connect the return (black) hose from the unit to the adaptor on the return line coming from the fuel rail.

You are now ready to perform the PFI cleaning procedure.

Port Fuel Injection (PFI) Cleaning Procedure

Follow these steps to circulate the cleaning mixture through the Port Fuel Injection unit to clean the fuel rail, injector screens, and pressure regulator.

- 1. Verify that PFI Setup Steps 1-18 above have been completed before continuing
- 2. Refer to the vehicle's service manual for the manufacturer's recommended PSI.
- 3. Press and hold the Start button.
- 4. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until the Fuel Pressure gauge on the unit displays 4 PSI or the Up Arrow LED stays illuminated without flashing. This will clean the PFI unit, injector screens, fuel rail, and pressure regulator and filter the contaminants through the unit's filtering system.
- Release the Start button and continue to turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until it is completely closed.
 - Make a note of the fuel pressure reading; this is the true opening pressure of the vehicle's
 pressure regulator without vacuum assist when the engine is at normal operating
 temperature.
 - Refer to appropriate Intake System Cleaning Procedure section for proper intake tract cleaning at this point.
- 6. Press the + button to increases the time, or the = button to decreases the time until the Time LED displays 10 minutes.
- After the 10 minutes has expired on the Time LED display, press the Start button until the
 pressure rises to the previous system pressure, and release.
- 8. Press the + button to increases the time, or the button to decreases the time until the Time LED display indicates 30 minutes. (Run time may be adjusted depending on the condition of the vehicle's fuel system.)
- Start the vehicle to begin the fuel system cleaning process.
 - If the vehicle is equipped with a Cold Start Injector, you may use a Injector Pulser to energize the Cold Start Injector a few quick times during the run cycle to clean it.

- 10. When the run time expires, the cleaning is complete. The unit will automatically shut off and purge the pressure lines for five seconds. The Cycle Complete LED on the control panel will illuminate, and the unit's alarm will sound.
- 11. Turn OFF the vehicle's ignition.
- 12. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise on the unit to open it. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button for four seconds to relieve pressure from the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

- 13. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle's fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle's fuel lines.
- 14. Re-install the vehicle's gas cap.
- 15. Start the vehicle and verify that there are no leaks.
- 16. Test drive the vehicle for three miles immediately following the cleaning service to flush all detergent from the vehicle's fuel and exhaust systems.

Continuous Injection System (CIS) Setup Procedure

Follow the steps below to connect the unit to the vehicle's fuel system in order to obtain fuel from the vehicle for use during the cleaning procedure. Make sure the vehicle has at least 1/8 tank of fuel before beginning this process.

1. Start the vehicle and allow the engine to reach normal operating temperature.

IMPORTANT

Do not perform the setup or cleaning process if the vehicle's engine oil or coolant level is low. If necessary, add oil and/or coolant to the vehicle.

- 2. Turn the vehicle OFF when normal operating temperature has been reached.
- 3. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator on the unit counterclockwise until the regulator is completely open.
- 4. Attach the unit to the vehicle's battery by connecting the **red** battery clip to the positive (+) battery terminal and the **black** battery clip to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible.

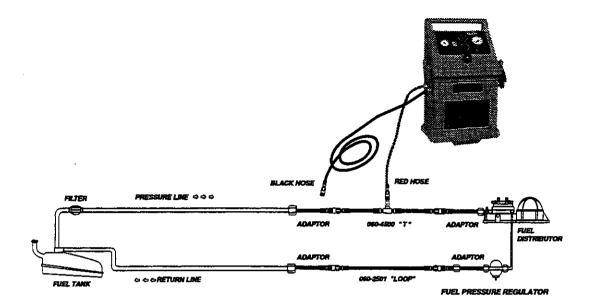
If the Reverse Polarity LED comes on, make sure the connections to the vehicle's battery are correct as described above.

- 5. Remove the vehicle's gas cap to relieve fuel tank pressure.
- Verify that the engine is no longer running.
- 7. Disconnect the vehicle's fuel lines from the fuel distributor. There are now four open ends to work with:

Pressure Line
From the fuel tank
To the fuel distributor

Return Line
From fuel distributor
To the fuel tank

8. As shown in the next figure, connect the appropriate adaptors at the points listed in Step 7.



- 9. As shown in the previous figure, attach the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and the loop adaptor (#060-2501) as follows:
 - Attach the ends of the T-adaptor (#060-4500) to both pressure line adaptors, then attach the output (red) hose to the center connection on the T-adaptor.
 - Attach the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to both return side adaptors. The return (black) hose on the unit is not used at this time.
- 10. Start the vehicle and check connections for leaks. Watch the Fuel Pressure gauge on the control panel to test system pressure, since pressure loss can indicate a leak.

DIAGNOSTICS

The vehicle's fuel system is now prepared to perform diagnostic tests if desired. For instructions on how to perform these tests, go to the next chapter titled Vehicle Diagnostics.

If vehicle diagnostics are not desired, continue the cleaning procedure beginning with Step 11.

- 11. When filling the reservoir, add 8 oz. of detergent for every 1/4 tank of fuel.
- 12. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button on the control panel until the Fuel Level Window indicates a combined increase of 1/4 tank in the unit's fuel reservoir.

NOTE

If the vehicle's engine stalls, restrict pressure in the fuel line by turning the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) clockwise 1/4 turn. Restart the car and repeat Step 12. If the vehicle's engine stalls again, repeat this procedure until Step 12 is completed.

- 13. Turn off the vehicle's engine.
- 14. Press the Fill/Purge button. Wait four to five seconds to relieve the pressure in the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

/!\ WARNING









Flammable Liquid can squirt out of pressurized lines when connecting or disconnecting.

Wear Safety goggles.

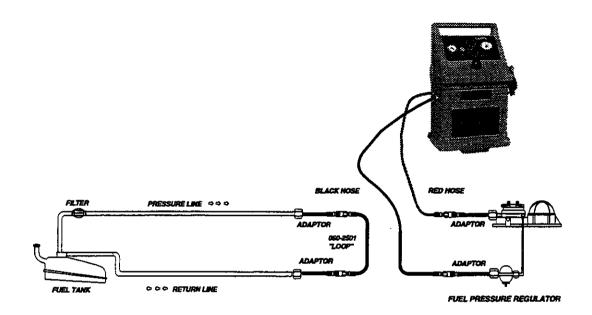
Obtain ZERO pressure before connecting or disconnecting any fuel lines or adaptors.

Wear chemical resistant gloves when connecting or disconnecting fittings and adaptors.

Wrap shop towel around pressure fittings and adaptors when disconnecting. Avoid exposure to flames, sparks, hot engine parts, and other ignition sources. Explosion or flame or exposure to flammable liquid and vapors can cause injury.

15. Carefully disconnect the loop adaptor (#060-2501) from the return lines. Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and then carefully disconnect the T-adaptor (#060-4500) from the output (red) hose and the pressure lines.

16. As shown in the next figure, connect one end of the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to the pressure line coming from the vehicle's fuel tank. Connect the other end of the loop adaptor (#060-2501) to the return line going back to the fuel tank. This forms a tank-to-tank loop, making it unnecessary to disconnect the fuel pump.



- 17. As shown in the previous figure, connect the output (red) hose from the unit to the adaptor on the pressure line going into the fuel distributor.
- 18. As shown in the previous figure, connect the return (black) hose from the unit to the adaptor on the return line coming from the fuel distributor.

You are now ready to begin the CIS cleaning procedure.

Continuous Injection System (CIS) Cleaning Procedure

Follow the steps below to circulate the cleaning mixture through the CIS fuel distributor to clean the pressure regulator and the top portion of the fuel distributor.

- Verify that CIS Setup Steps 1-18 above have been completed before continuing.
 - Refer to appropriate Intake System Cleaning Procedure chapter for proper intake tract cleaning at this point.
- 2. Refer to the vehicle's service manual for the manufacturer's recommended PSI.
- 3. Press and hold the Start button.
- 4. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until the Fuel Pressure gauge on the unit displays 4 PSI or the Up Arrow LED stays illuminated without flashing. This will clean the CIS fuel distributor and filter particles through the unit's filtering system.
- Release the Start button and continue to turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until it is completely closed.
 - Make a note of the fuel pressure reading; this is the true opening pressure of the vehicle's
 pressure regulator without vacuum assist when the engine is at normal operating
 temperature.

CAUTION:

Do not open or move sensor plate / air door on the engine when the fuel distributor is pressurized. The CIS system will spray fuel into the engine while it is not running.

- 6. Press the + button to increases the time, or the button to decreases the time until the Time LED displays 10 minutes.
- 7. After the 10 minutes has expired on the Time LED display, press the Start button until the pressure rises to the previous system pressure, and release.

- 8. Press the + button to increases the time, or the button to decreases the time until the Time LED display indicates 30 minutes. (Run time may be adjusted depending on the condition of the vehicle's fuel system.)
- 9. Start the vehicle to begin the fuel system cleaning process.
 - When the cleaning process is halfway completed (check Time LED display), step on the
 vehicle's accelerator quickly three or four times. Then, maintain RPM at 1500 2000
 for 30 seconds.
 - If the vehicle is equipped with a Cold Start Injector, you may use a Injector Pulser to energize the Cold Start Injector a few quick times during the run cycle to clean it.
- 10. When the run time expires, the cleaning is complete. The unit will automatically shut off and purge the pressure lines for five seconds. The Cycle Complete LED on the control panel will illuminate, and the unit's alarm will sound.
- 11. DO NO ALLOW CIS VEHICLES TO RUN OUT OF FUEL. TURN OFF THE VEHICLE'S IGNITION IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF THE RUN CYCLE.
- 12. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator counterclockwise on the unit to open it. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button for four seconds to relieve pressure from the output (red) hose. Release the Fill/Purge button.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

- 13. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle's fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle's fuel lines.
- 14. Re-install the vehicle's gas cap.
- 15. Start the vehicle and verify that there are no leaks.
- 16. Test drive the vehicle for three miles immediately following the cleaning service to flush all detergent from the vehicle's fuel and exhaust systems.

Vehicle Diagnostics

Although vehicle diagnostic tests are not a mandatory part of the cleaning procedure, they can help determine if poor engine performance is caused by other conditions related to the fuel system.

Carburetors

The following tests may be performed for this system:

- Fuel System Pressure Test
- Fuel Volume Test
- Vacuum Pressure Test

TBI Systems

The following tests may be performed for this system:

- Fuel System Pressure Test
- Fuel Volume Test
- Deadhead Test
- Leakdown Test
- Vacuum Pressure Test

PFI Systems

The following tests may be performed for this system:

- Fuel System Pressure Test
- Fuel Volume Test
- Deadhead Test
- Leakdown Test
- Vacuum Pressure Test

CIS Systems

The following tests may be performed for this system:

- Fuel System Pressure Test
- Fuel Volume Test
- Leakdown Test
- Vacuum Pressure Test

Do NOT perform the Deadhead test on CIS vehicles.

Fuel System Pressure Test

- 1. Verify that Setup Steps 1-10 from the appropriate previous chapter have been completed for the specific fuel system type to be tested.
- 2. Verify that the vehicle's engine is running and check connections for leaks.
- 3. Note the vehicle's fuel system pressure reading from the Fuel Pressure gauge on the control panel of the unit.
 - This is the vehicle's running pressure. If the pressure is erratic or the vehicle is slow to reach maximum pressure, the vehicle's fuel filter may be clogged or its fuel pump may be weakening.
 - Return to the appropriate previous chapter, Fuel System Cleaning Procedures, to continue the cleaning process. Otherwise, conclude the test as described below.
- 5. Turn the vehicle off.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

6. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle fuel lines.

Fuel Volume Test

- Verify that Setup Steps 1-10 from the appropriate previous chapter have been completed for the specific fuel system type to be tested.
- 2. Verify that the vehicle's engine is running and check connections for leaks.
- 3. Press and hold the Fill/Purge button.
 - You should observe a strong flow of fuel from the vehicle into the units fuel reservoir.

 The Fuel Level Window should show a 1/4 tank in the unit's fuel reservoir within 15 to 20 seconds. This indicates sufficient fuel volume.
 - If the vehicle stalls during this test, adjust the gate valve on the T-adaptor (#060-4500) with a 3/4 turn in the counterclockwise direction to close it. Re-start the vehicle and slowly turn the gate valve clockwise to open it until the engine begins to labor slightly while idling. Resume the test by repeating **Step 3**.
- 4. Release the Fill/Purge button.
 - If the proper fuel level was not reached within 15 to 20 seconds, this could indicate a blocked fuel filter or fuel line on the vehicle.
- 5. Return to the appropriate previous chapter, Fuel System Cleaning Procedures, to continue the cleaning process. Otherwise, conclude the test as described below.
- 6. Turn the vehicle off.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

7. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle fuel lines.

Deadhead Test

Do NOT perform the Deadhead test on CIS vehicles.

- 1. Verify that Setup Steps 1-10 from the appropriate previous chapter have been completed for the specific fuel system type to be tested.
- 2. Verify that the vehicle's engine is running and check connections for leaks.
- 3. Bend the loop adaptor (#060-2501) in half for one second to restrict pressure and then release it.
- 4. Observe the Fuel Pressure gauge on the unit.
 - This will give a good indication of the maximum pump output capabilities.
- 5. Return to the appropriate previous chapter, Fuel System Cleaning Procedures, to continue the cleaning process. Otherwise, conclude the test as described below.
- 6. Turn the vehicle off.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

7. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle fuel lines.

Leakdown Test

- Verify that Setup Steps 1-10 from the appropriate previous chapter have been completed for the specific fuel system type to be tested.
- Verify that the vehicle's engine is running and check connections for leaks.
- 3. Turn off the vehicle.
- Note the pressure reading on the unit's Fuel Pressure gauge.
 - The pressure should be maintained or increased due to heat expansion.
 - On CIS systems the pressure will drop to a point then stabilize (see manufactures specifications for this amount).

If a pressure drop occurs, this indicates a leak in the system. To isolate the leak you will need to re-pressurize the system. Use the procedures below to re-pressurize the system:

- Press and hold the Start/Run button.
- Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator clockwise until the unit's Fuel Pressure gauge displays 3/4 of the pressure noted in Step 4.
- Release the Start/Run button.
- Press the button to decreases the time until the Time LED displays five minutes.
- Press the Leak Test button on the unit's control panel.

Use the procedure above to re-pressurize the system whenever there is significant drop in pressure during the Leakdown test.

Once you have re-pressurized the system, use the procedures below to isolate the leak.

- Locate the pressure line adaptor closest to the T-adaptor (#060-4500) and the vehicle's
 fuel tank. Bend the pressure line adaptor in half and squeeze tightly. If the pressure
 stabilizes, this indicates a leak in either the pressure fuel line or a bad one-way check
 valve in the vehicle's fuel pump.
- Locate the return line adaptor close to the pressure regulator. Bend the return line adaptor in half and squeeze tightly. If the pressure stabilizes, this indicates a leak in the vehicle's pressure regulator. This problem is generally dirt-related and should be resolved by the cleaning process. However, if fuel is present in the vacuum line from the regulator, this indicates a leaking diaphragm.
- If the above procedures do not stop the leakdown, bend both adaptors simultaneously. If a leakdown is still present, the leak is probably the result of one or more injectors

- leaking. This problem is generally dirt-related and should be resolved by the cleaning process.
- 5. Return to the appropriate previous chapter, Fuel System Cleaning Procedures, to continue the cleaning process. Otherwise, conclude the test as described below.
- 6. Turn the vehicle off.

IMPORTANT

Close the gate valve on the T-adaptor and wrap a shop towel around pressure fittings before disconnection to protect against residual fuel spray.

7. Disconnect the battery leads, hoses, and adaptors. Return the vehicle fuel system to its normal operating condition by re-connecting the vehicle fuel lines.

Vacuum Pressure Test

This test should be performed in conjunction with the cleaning process.

- 1. Verify that Setup Steps 1-10 from the appropriate previous chapter have been completed for the specific fuel system type to be tested.
- 2. Verify that the vehicle's engine is running and check connections for leaks.
- 3. Attach the vacuum hose from the unit to a manifold vacuum source on the vehicle and leave it in place throughout the cleaning process.
- 4. Make a note of the reading on the **Vacuum Pressure** gauge before you begin the cleaning process and again after the process is complete.
 - The Vacuum Pressure gauge on the unit has been added to allow before and after
 confirmation of the positive results of the MotorVac CarbonClean System cleaning
 process without the use of any other diagnostic equipment. The readings on the Vacuum
 Pressure gauge should indicate a substantial improvement in the engine performance
 after the cleaning process is complete.

Intake Cleaning System Procedures

Port Fuel, Tuned Port and CIS Systems

WARNING:

Extreme care must be taken when performing this process. Failure to take the necessary precautions may result in mechanical engine failure.

IMPORTANT:

Wear suitable OSHA approved safety goggles before starting this or any other MotorVac CarbonClean Service.

- 1. Warm up vehicle to operating temperature.
- 2. Shut off vehicle.
- 3. Fill the ICS container with a MAXIMUM of 4 ounces of MotorVac cleaner.
- 4. Pressurize the container with shop air to a minimum of 80 PSI. Do not exceed 185 PSI.
- 5. Shake the ICS container to aerate the mixture.

NOTE:

If the ICS container has too much cleaner in it, there may not be enough air volume to force the cleaner out with sufficient velocity to contact the intake air plenum walls. Always be sure to maintain at least 80 pounds of pressure in the ICS container.

- 6. Be certain that the ICS 30-inch spray tube is free from any kinks or bends.
- Attach the spray tube to the end of the ICS container.

- 8. Measure the length of the engine air intake manifold by laying the spray tube outside the manifold.
- 9. At the throttle plate, grip and hold the tube.

NOTE:

This will be the maximum length that the tube may be inserted into the manifold.

CAUTION: CIS FUEL SYSTEMS

Do not open or move sensor plate / air door on the engine when the fuel distributor is pressurized. The CIS system will spray fuel into the engine while it is not running.

- 10. With the engine off and the engine's air duct removed, open the throttle plate wide open or have someone hold it open.
- 11. Insert the ICS spray tube into the manifold up to the point measured in step 8 and 9.
- 12. While holding the container upright, press and hold the nozzle of the ICS container and quickly pull the spray tube to the open end of the manifold near the throttle plate.
- 13. Release the nozzle once the tip of the spray tube gets near the throttle plate.

NOTE:

Do not spray outside of the throttle bore housing.

14. If the MotorVac CarbonClean System is in use at the time, press the STOP button or Turn the timer knob to the zero position to depressurize the engine's fuel system.

NOTE:

It is recommended that after each pass with the ICS container, the engine should be "bumped over" using the starter.

DO NOT ALLOW THE ENGINE TO START

15. Quickly turn the ignition to the start position then back to the off position to rotate the engine over slightly.

NOTE:

Disconnecting and grounding the secondary ignition will also keep the engine from starting.

- 16. Repeat these procedures a maximum of 3 times.
- 17. After the air intake tract has been cleaned, it will be necessary to start the engine and continue with the cleaning process.

The continuation of the cleaning service will require the installation of the 6-inch spray tube to clean the Idle Air Control passage while the engine is running.

NOTE:

If you do not understand these instructions completely or have any questions contact MotorVac Technical support at 800-288-3161 BEFORE performing this procedure.

Throttle Body and Carburetor Systems

- 1. Warm up vehicle to operating temperature.
- 2. Shut off vehicle and remove air cleaner.
- 3. Open the ICS Spray Bottle and add 8 oz. of intake cleaning detergent. Pressurize with shop air and insert the short (6") Spray Tube into the Nozzle.

IMPORTANT

DO NOT EXCEED 185 PSI USE SAFETY GLASSES

- 4. Spray any exposed areas, air horn, choke plate, etc....with a generous amount of cleaner (one or two ounces) and let soak.
- 5. Once the exposed areas are coated, insert the 30" Soak Tube into the nozzle. Open the throttle plate and slide the Soak Tube into the manifold through the carburetor or TBI. Spray the inside of the intake manifold with cleaner making sure to move the Soak Tube in a circular motion so that as much of the floor of the manifold as possible will be soaked with cleaner.

IMPORTANT

Use only half the contents (4 oz.) at this time. Using too much may fill a cylinder in smaller engines.

- 6. Start the vehicle. While the vehicle is running, spray the remainder of the cleaner in through the throttle plate in several short bursts. If the vehicle seems to be stalling, stop spraying for a moment to allow the engine to return to a normal idle and repeat.
- 7. Re-install air cleaner, start the vehicle and test drive, or return to appropriate cleaning process.

Cleaning Through a Vacuum Port for Added Carbon Removal Capabilities

- 1. Warm up vehicle to operating temperature.
- 2. Open the ICS Spray Bottle and add 8 oz. of intake cleaning detergent. Pressurize with shop air and insert the short (6") Spray Tube into the Nozzle.

IMPORTANT

DO NOT EXCEED 185 PSI USE SAFETY GLASSES

- 3. Start the vehicle. Locate a suitable vacuum port as close as possible to the throttle plate and insert the short **Soak Tube** into the vacuum hose (in some cases it may be necessary to use the PCV hose as an inlet).
- 4. While the engine is idling, hold the ICS Spray Bottle upright and begin spraying cleaner into the engine. If the vehicle seems to be stalling, stop spraying for a moment to allow the engine to return to a normal idle and repeat.
- 5. When the ICS Spray Bottle is empty remove it from the engine, re-install the vacuum hose (or PCV hose) and test drive the vehicle, or return to appropriate cleaning process.

Intake System Cleaning Procedures

Notes:

Troubleshooting and Additional Help

Refer to the list below in the unlikely event that you have problems with your MotorVac CarbonClean System.

Problem:

Solution:

- 1. Reverse Polarity LED is ON and the unit is not operational.
- Polarity is reversed on vehicle battery connection. Check connections for correct polarity.
- 2. Pressure Gauge on the unit displays maximum pressure upon start up.

Output and Return hoses may be reversed. Press the **Stop** button on the unit and check hoses for correct connection.

3. Rapid loss of fuel from the unit reservoir.

Return hose connection may be incorrect, allowing fuel/detergent to return to the vehicle's fuel tank.

4. The unit will not power up.

Check that the **Power Leads** are connected correctly. Disconnect power and wait 1 minute, and reconnect to power.

5. START button is pressed but operation does not commence.

Pressure Adjust Regulator must be open when starting to build pressure then close slowly.

6. The unit performs poorly.

Check all hoses and wires for cuts or frays.

Check cabinet for dents or impact markings.

Verify that the fuel filter has recently been replaced. (Refer to the maintenance log in Appendix A to view dates of services performed.)

Ger# C20011044 MOD# EEFS100C

ADDITIONAL HELP

Please verify that items 1-6 above have been reviewed before calling for additional assistance.

In the unlikely event that problems persist with the unit call Technical Support, have your model and serial numbers available before you call. Remember to send in your warranty card, otherwise service will delayed.

in the U.S. (800) CALL SUN (800) 225-5786 Canada: (800) 661-1786

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Notes:

Appendix A - Maintenance

Maintenance Procedures

The following maintenance procedures should be performed on a routine basis:

- 1. Drain the unit's fuel reservoir and replace the fuel filter after every 30 cleaning services, as described in the next section.
- 2. Clean the exterior with a plastics cleaning agent or similar product to keep the cabinet looking new. Check the cabinet for dents or impact markings.
- 3. Check all hoses and wires for cuts or frays.

Replacing the unit Fuel Filter

The unit's fuel reservoir should be drained and the fuel filter replaced after every 30 cleanings to ensure maximum system performance and pump life.

Drain the Fuel Reservoir

- 1. Turn the Pressure Adjust regulator on the control panel clockwise until it is completely closed.
- 2. Attach the unit to a motor vehicle battery by connecting the **red** battery clip to the positive (+) battery terminal and connect the **black** battery clip to a solid ground point as far from the battery as possible.
- 3. Connect the #060-1100 adaptor to the output (red) hose, then drain the gasoline from the unit's fuel reservoir using the following procedure:
 - Direct the adaptor and output (red) hose into an appropriate container.
 - Press and hold the **Start** button until the fuel from the unit has been emptied into the container.
 - Release the Start button and allow the run time to expire.
 - Dispose of the fuel in an environmentally approved method.

Replace the Fuel Filter

- 1. Unscrew the old fuel filter from the mounting station on the back of the unit's cabinet.
- 2. Lightly grease the seal of the new filter and hand-tighten it onto the mounting head.
- 3. Add 16 ozs. of MotorVac CarbonClean Detergent and Top Engine Cleaner to the fuel reservoir and then fill the unit's fuel reservoir with <u>clean gasoline</u> until the Fuel Level Window indicates 1/4 tank.
- 4. Check the filter for leaks.
- 5. Enter your initials, the date, and a check mark in the appropriate boxes of the Maintenance Record at the end of this chapter.

The unit is now ready for the next cleaning service.

Maintenance Record

Use the following table to keep a record of maintenance performed on the unit.

Initial/Date	DRAIN FUEL RESERVOIR	REPLACE FUEL FILTER	CLEAN EXT. CABINET	CHECK HOSES AND WIRES	OTHER
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Appendix B - System Accessories

Standard Adaptor Kit

The standard adaptor kit is included with your system. The most commonly used application is listed; however, other applications may apply.

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-1000	2	GENERAL APPLICATIONS UTILIZING 1/4" FUEL LINE - MALE. (USE WITH SUITABLE HOSE CLAMPS.)
060-1100	2	GENERAL APPLICATIONS UTILIZING 5/16" FUEL LINE- MALE. (USE WITH SUITABLE HOSE CLAMPS.)
060-1200	2	GENERAL APPLICATIONS UTILIZING 3/8" FUEL LINE - MALE. (USE WITH SUITABLE HOSE CLAMPS.)
060-1300	2	GENERAL APPLICATIONS UTILIZING 1/4" FUEL LINE - FEMALE. (USE WITH SUITABLE HOSE CLAMPS.)
060-1400	2	GENERAL APPLICATIONS UTILIZING 5/16" FUEL LINE - FEMALE. (USE WITH SUITABLE HOSE CLAMPS.)
060-1500	2	GENERAL APPLICATIONS UTILIZING 3/8" FUEL LINE - FEMALE. (USE WITH SUITABLE HOSE CLAMPS.)
060-1700	1	CARBURETED VEHICLES WITH 5/16" FLARE FUEL INLETS. USE WITH 060-3304 FOR SOME FUEL INJECTED VEHICLES - RETURN LINE.
060-1800	1	CARBURETED AND EARLY FUEL INJECTED VEHICLES WITH 3/8" FLARE FUEL INLETS.

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-2501	1	FORMS "TANK TO TANK" LOOP ON ALL VEHICLES. USED TO EXTEND VEHICLE'S RETURN LINE DURING DIAGNOSTICS.
060-2800	1	1/4" MALE. LATE MODEL VEHICLES TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL
	1	TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL PRESSURE LINE - MALE.
060-3100 080-3402 (O-Ring)		M16 x 1.5
	1	TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL PRESSURE LINE - FEMALE.
060-3105		M16 x 1.5
	1	TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL RETURN LINE - MALE.
060-3300 080-3302 (O-Ring)		M14 x 1.5
	1	TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL RETURN LINE - FEMALE.
060-3305		M14 x 1.5
080-3402 (O-Ring) 060-3500 080-3501 (Clip)	1	3/8" MALE SPRING LOCK WITH CLIP (GREY). PORT FUEL-RETURN LINE. (USE AS PRESSURE LINE ON SOME RANGERS AND BRONCOS)
060-3505	1	3/8" FEMALE SPRING LOCK. PORT FUEL - RETURN LINE. (USE AS PRESSURE LINE ON SOME RANGERS AND BRONCOS)

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-3600 080-3601 (Clip) 080-3602 (O-Ring)	1	1/2" MALE SPRING LOCK WITH CLIP (BLACK). PORT FUEL - PRESSURE LINE.
060-3605	1	1/2" FEMALE SPRING LOCK PORT FUEL - PRESSURE LINE.
	1	5/16" MALE TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL (GM-CHRYSLER-JEEP/EAGLE).
060-4200		
	1	5/16" FEMALE TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL (GM-CHRYSLER-JEEP/EAGLE).
060-4205 080-4206 (Clip)		
060-4300	1	3/8" TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL (GM-CHRYSLER-JEEP/EAGLE).
	1	3/8" FEMALE TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL (GM-CHRYSLER-JEEP/EAGLE).
060-4305 080-4306 (Clip)		
	1	1/4" FEMALE TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL (GM-CHRYSLER-JEEP/EAGLE).
060-4405 080-4406 (Clip)		

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-4500	1	FORMS DIAGNOSTIC "TEST PORT" ON ALL VEHICLES. TEE ADAPTOR
060-0440 060-0450	2	HOSE CLAMPS. USE WITH 060-1000 THROUGH 060-1500.
060-2100 060-2101	1	PLUG FOR DISCONNECTED 3/8" FLARE FUEL LINE ON CARBURTED VEHICLES WITH MECHANICAL FUEL PUMP.
060-2200 060-2201	1	PLUG FOR DISCONNECTED 5/16" FLARE FUEL LINE ON CARBURTED VEHICLES WITH MECHANICAL FUEL PUMP.

Deluxe Adaptor Kit (OPTIONAL)

Contact your sales representative for information on obtaining the deluxe adaptor kit. The most commonly used application is listed; however, other applications may apply.

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-1600	1	12MM BANJO FITTING CIS OR EFI SYSTEMS. IN CONJUNCTION WITH 060-1900, 060-1901, 060-1902.
060-1602	1	12MM 90° BANJO FITTING CIS OR EFI SYSTEMS. IN CONJUNCTION WITH 060-1900, 060-1901, 060-1902
060-2300	2	17MM WRENCH SIZE WITH 14MM THREADS - EUROPEAN CARS INLET AND/OR RETURN. MAY BE USED WITH 060-2700.
060-2400	1	10MM BANJO FITTING EFI SYSTEMS OR COLD START INJECTOR. USE WITH 10MM BANJO BOLT
060-2401	1	8MM BANJO FITTING EFI SYSTEMS OR COLD START INJECTOR. USE WITH 8MM BANJO BOLT
060-2402	2	14MM BANJO FITTING BMW AND LATE MODEL VW PRESSURE LINE.
060-2600	2	19MM WRENCH SIZE WITH 16MM THREADS - EUROPEAN CARS INLET AND/OR RETURN. MAY BE USED WITH 060-2700.

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-2800	1	1/4" MALE. LATE MODEL VEHICLES TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL
060-2900	2	5/16" MALE LATE MODEL VEHICLES TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL
060-3000	2	1/8" MALE NPT. FORD TBL THREADED DIRECTLY INTO THROTTLE BODY.
060-3200	2	1/4" MALE NPT. FORD TBI. THREADED DIRECTLY INTO THROTTLE BODY.
060-3304 080-3302 (O-Ring)	1	USED WITH 060-1700 TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL RETURN LINE - MALE M14 x 1.5
060-3400 080-3302 (O-Ring)	1	USED WITH 060-1800 TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL RETURN LINE - MALE M16 x 1.5
060-3500 080-3501 (Clip) 080-3402 (O-Ring)	1	3/8" MALE SPRING LOCK WITH CLIP (GREY). PORT FUEL-RETURN LINE. (USE AS PRESSURE LINE ON SOME RANGERS AND BRONCOS)
060-3505	1	3/8" FEMALE SPRING LOCK. PORT FUEL - RETURN LINE. (USE AS PRESSURE LINE ON SOME RANGERS AND BRONCOS)

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
060-3508	1	"TEST PORT/SCHRADER VALVE" CONNECTION - FORD. (SCHRADER VALVE CORE MUST BE REMOVED)
060-3700 080-3701 (Viton Seal)	1	"TEST PORT/SCHRADER VALVE" CONNECTION - GM.
060-3800	1	AUDI AND VOLVO RETURN LINES.
060-3900 080-3903 (Clip)	2	5/16" QUICK DISCONNECT PORT FUEL AND TBI
060-3901 080-3904 (Clip)	1	3/8" QUICK DISCONNECT PORT FUEL AND TBI
060-3902 080-3905 (Clip)	1	1/4" QUICK DISCONNECT PORT FUEL AND TBI
060-4100 080-3402 (O-Ring)	1	PRESSURE SIDE ON HYUNDAI AND MITSUBISHI EFI SYSTEMS.
060-4300	1	3/8" TBI AND/OR PORT FUEL (GM-CHRYSLER-JEEP/EAGLE).

PART & NO.	QTY	APPLICATION
000 000	2	CONNECTS 12MM BANJO FITTINGS FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND/OR
060-1900 060-1901 060-1902 (Bolt) (Washer) (Nut)	6 2	CREATING A LOOP.
060-2700	2	14MM X 16MM UNION. USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH 060-2300 AND 060-2600 FOR CIS APPLICATIONS.
900	1	8MM DOUBLE BANJO BOLT.
060-2710 060-2711	3	USE WITH 060-2401.
000	1	10MM DOUBLE BANJO BOLT.
060-2720 060-2721	3	USE WITH 060-2400.
900	1	CONNECTS 14MM BANJO FITTINGS
	3	FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND/OR CREATING A LOOP
060-2740 060-2741 060-2742 (Bolt) (Washer) (Nut)	1	

Appendix C - Parts

External Parts for the MotorVac CarbonClean System

Please refer to the part numbers below when ordering parts for the unit.

<u>Part #</u> <i>MV</i> 0100027	<u>Description</u> Wheel	
MV0106060	Reservoir cap	
<i>MV</i> 0208043	Harness, power	
<i>MV</i> 0300020	Conn M. 3/8"Cmp x 1/4"MNPT, Ni	
<i>MV</i> 0500007	Gauge Lens 3 1/2 inch.	
MV0500095	Filter (orange)	
<i>MV</i> 0501910	Gauge lens - Vacuum- 2 1/2	
<i>MV</i> 0700100	11.5 feet of Vacuum Hose 5/32"I.D.	
<i>MV</i> 0800230	Female Quick Disconnect Couplers, 1/4", Ni	
<i>MV</i> 1005001	ICS 30" Intake Spray tube	
MV1005008	ICS Bottle Neck (black plastic)	
<i>MV</i> 1005009	ICS Air Filler Valve	
<i>MV</i> 1005010	ICS Viton Valve Core	
MV2008300	Quick Reference Card Set	
MV2000300	Asmb, Return hose (black)	
MV2000400	Asmb, Output hose (red)	
MV2008036	Drawer assembly, Plastic-Black	
<i>MV</i> 2008038	Intake System Cleaning Kit	
MV2008200	Operators Manual	
<i>MV</i> 2008061	ICS Service Kit (spray valve and nozzle)	
<i>MV</i> 2008400	Operators Manual and Quick Reference card Packet	
EEFS 102A	Deluxe Adaptor Kit	
EEFS 301A C4 Cleaning Detergent (Case of four 32 oz. bottles)		

ORDERING PARTS

Parts for the unit may be ordered by calling Customer Service, have your model and serial numbers available:

in the U.S.

-Canada:

(800) CALL SUN (800) 225-5786 West (800) 263-8665

East (800) 665-8665

Appendix D - MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Identity: Snap-On, Cleaning Detergent and Top Engine Cleaner

Part #: EEFS 301AC4

Material Safety Data Sheet

Approved by U.S. Dept., essentially similar to form OSHA 174.

IMPORTANT: Read this MSDS before handling and disposing of this product. Pass this information on to employees, customers, and users of this product.

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identity:

Snap-On, Cleaning Detergent and Top Engine Cleaner

Part #:

EEFS 301AC4

MotorVac Technologies, Inc., Distributed by Snap-On

1431 S. Village Way

Effective:

10/30/98 R

Rev A

Santa Ana, Ca 92705

Printed:

11/13/98

USA

Tel: (714) 558-4822

24-hour Emergency Phone, Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300, or international 01-703-527-3887

SECTION 2. INGREDIENT & REGULATORY INFORMATION

All components of this product are on the TSCA List. SARA Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification. This product contains the indicated <*> toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning & Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 & of 40 CFR 372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.

SARA TITLE III INGREDIENTS	CAS#	Wt.%(Reg.Section)	RQ(lbs.)
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	*64742-95-6	Not appl.(311,312)	None
*1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	7 (311,312,313,RCRA)	None
*2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8 (313)	None
Specific chemical identity withheld as	N/A	Not appl.(311,312)	N/A
trade secret			

SARA SECTION 311/312 HAZARDS: Acute Health, Chronic Health, Fire.

MATERIAL	CAS#	TWA + (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	*64742-95-6	100 PPM	5 mg/m ³
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	25 PPM	25 PPM
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	25 PPM(S)	25 PPM(S)
Specific chemical identity withheld as trade	N/A	25 PPM(S)	25 PPM(S)
secret			

MATERIAL	CAS#	<u>CEILING</u>	STEL(OSHA/ACGIH)
Specific chemical identity withheld as trade	N/A	Not	40 PPM
secret		known	

MATERIAL	CAS#	Lowest known lethal dose data
		Lowest known LC50 (vapors)
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	700 PPM (mice)

Hazards:

Health (NFPA): 2

Health(HMIS): 3

Flammability: 2

Reactivity:

U

Balance of ingredients:

Non-Hazardous

9 Octadecanoic acid (z) ammonium salt CAS#: 544-60-5

California Proposition 65:

This product contains no known chemical to the State of

California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

SECTION 3. HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

Threshold limit value: Not applicable

Contains: Petroleum Naphtha, 2-Butoxyethanol

Warning!
Combustible!
Acute Hazards

Eye & Skin Contact:

Primary irritation to skin, defatting, dermatitis. Absorption through skin increase exposure.

Primary irritation to eyes, redness, tearing, blurred vision.

Liquid can cause eye burns. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Inhalation:

Anesthetic. Irritates respiratory tract. Acute overexposure can cause serious nervous system depression. Vapor harmful.

Breathing vapor can cause irritation.

Acute overexposure can cause damage to kidneys, blood, nerves, liver, and lungs.

Swallowing:

Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Swallowing can cause abdominal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Subchronic Hazards / Conditions Aggravated

Subchronic hazards:

Absorption through skin may be harmful. Chronic overexposure can cause damage to kidneys, blood, nerves, liver & lungs.

Conditions aggravated:

Persons with severe skin, liver, heart, lung or kidney problems should avoid use.

Chronic hazards:

This product has no carcinogens listed by IARC, NTP, NIOSH, OSHA, or ACGIH, as of this date, greater or equal to 0.1%.

This product may contain less than 1 PPM of benzene.

Not considered hazardous in such low concentrations.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES PROCEDURES

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes & call a physician.

Skin Contact:

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. (Discard contaminated shoes.)

Inhalation:

After high vapor exposure, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give, oxygen.

If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately!

Swallowing:

Call a physician immediately! Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have patient lie down and keep warm. Vomiting may lead to pneumonititis, which may be fatal.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Lower flammable limit in air (% by vol.): 1.0

Flash point (test method): 112°F/44.4°C (TCC) (lowest component)

Flammability classification: Class II

Extinguishing media:

NFPA Class B extinguishers (carbon dioxide or foam) for Class II liquid fires.

Special fire fighting procedures:

Water spray may be ineffective on fire but can protect fire-fighters and cool closed containers. Use fog nozzles if water is used. Do not enter confined fire-space without full bunker gear. (helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves & rubber boots). Use NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual explosion and fire procedures:

Combustible!

Keep container tightly closed. Isolate from oxidizers, heat, & open flame. Closed containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Applying to hot surfaces requires special precautions. Empty container very hazardous! Continue all label precautions!

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or leak procedures:

Stop spill at source. Dike area & contain. Clean up remainder with absorbent materials. Mop up and dispose of.

Waste disposal method:

Recycle or dispose of observing local, state & federal health, safety & pollution laws. If questions exist, contact the appropriate agencies.

Other precautions:

None.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Isolate from oxidizers, heat, and open flame. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing of vapor or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Wear OSHA standard goggles or face shield. Consult safety equipment supplier. Wear gloves, apron and footwear impervious to this material. Wash clothing before reuse. Avoid free fall of liquid. Ground containers when transferring. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld. Empty container very hazardous! Continue all label precautions!

Storage:

Do not store above 49°C/120°F. Store large amounts in structures made for OSHA Class II liquids. Keep container tightly closed and upright when not in use to prevent leakage.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure controls:

None necessary.

Ventilation:

Local exhaust:

Necessary

Mechanical (general): Acceptable

Special:

None

Other:

None

Personal protection:

Wear OSHA standard goggles or face shield. Consult safety equipment supplier. gloves, apron & footwear impervious to this material. Wash clothing before reuse.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL DATA

Appearance:	Liquid, green color
Odor:	Solvent odor
Boiling Range:	100 172 204°C/ 212 343 400°F
Specific gravity (water = 1):	0.92
Pounds/gallon (lbs./gal):	7.66
VOC's (vapor pressure>0.44 lbs./in²) (lbs./gal):	0.000
Total volatile organic compounds (TVOC) (gr/lt):	595.0
Vapor pressure (mm of HG)@20°C:	1.6
Vapor density (air = 1):	4.3
%Volatile by vol.:	100.0

SECTION 10. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Conditions to avoid: Isolate from oxidizers, heat, and open flame.

Material to avoid: Isolate from strong oxidizers such as permanganates, chromates and

peroxides.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide from burning.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11.

Not available

SECTION 12.

Not available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This product is considered a hazardous waste. May be incinerated or burned in a RCRA licensed facility.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

*Note the information below are just guidelines. It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure that all the proper procedures are followed.

When shipped by ground (U.S.A.), in small quantities: Consumer Commodity ORM-D When shipped by ground (U.S.A.), in drums: not regulated

When Shipped by air:

(NOT APPLICABLE TO DRUMS)

D.O.T. CFR 49 proper shipping name: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

Hazardous Class:

Transportation Details:

3

UN Number: 1268

Packing Group:

Ш

Packing Instruction: Y309

Permitted in Passenger and Cargo

appropriate quantities), Non-Radioactive

DRUMS:

D.O.T. CFR 49 proper shipping name: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

Hazardous Class: Packing Group:

3 Ш UN Number: 1268

Packing Instruction: 310

Transportation Details:

Cargo Aircraft Only, Non-Radioactive

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

California proposition 65: This product contains no known chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

SECTION 16

Not available

Notice

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